

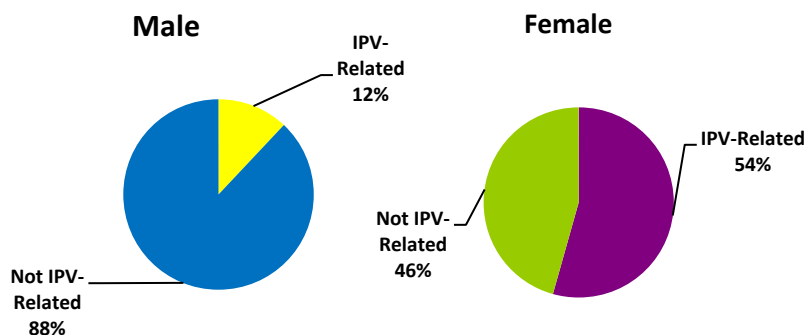
INTIMATE PARTNER VIOLENCE IN NORTH CAROLINA, 2013

The North Carolina Violent Death Reporting System (NC-VDRS) is a CDC-funded statewide surveillance system that collects detailed information on deaths that occur in North Carolina resulting from violence: homicide, suicide, unintentional firearm deaths, legal intervention and deaths for which intent could not be determined. NC-VDRS is a multi-source system that gathers information from death certificates, medical examiner reports and law enforcement reports. The goal of this system is to aid researchers, legislators and community interest groups in the development of public health prevention strategies to reduce violent deaths. NC-VDRS began collecting data in January 2004. This document summarizes deaths as a result of intimate partner violence (IPV) among North Carolina residents for the year 2013.

**NC-VDRS defines IPV as homicide deaths occurring as a direct result of conflict between current or former spouses or partners. This is a broad definition that includes deaths of children, friends or even bystanders who may or may not be directly involved in the conflict or those who may be intervening in the conflict.*

Percent of Homicides Associated with Intimate Partner Violence (IPV): NC-VDRS, 2013

~ N.C. Division of Public Health - N.C. Violent Death Reporting System ~



- In 2013, a total of 531 North Carolina residents died as a result of homicide. Circumstances were available for 486 (91.5%) of these homicides.

- Twenty-one percent of homicides in 2013 with known circumstances were associated with intimate partner violence (IPV).

- Of the 110 identified IPV-related deaths in 2013 in North Carolina, 102 (92.7%) were homicides.

- More than one-half of all female homicides were IPV-related (54.4%), while roughly one-eighth of all male homicides

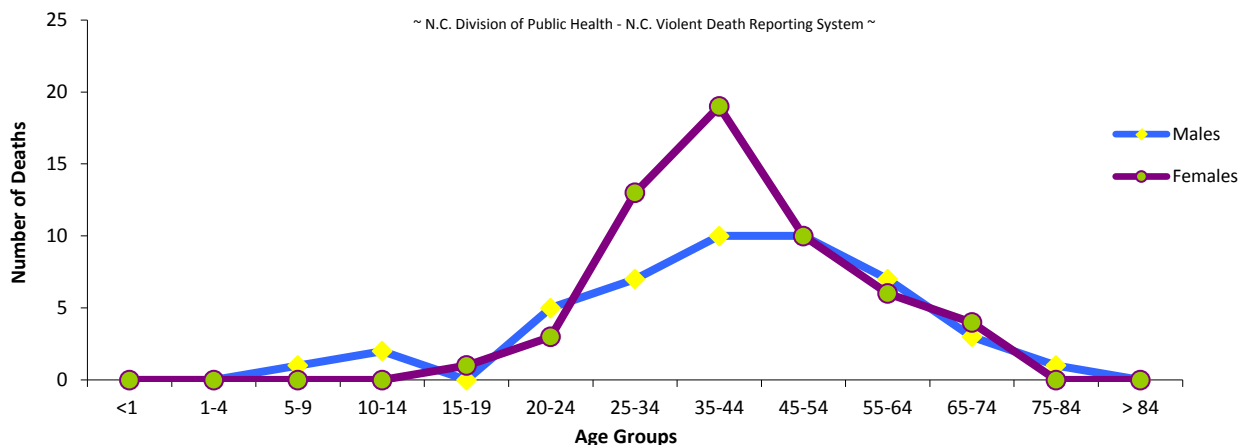
- In 2013, the highest number of IPV-related homicides were in the 25-34 and 35-44 year age groups for females and 35-44 and 45-54 year age group for males.

- Forty-five (44.1%) of the IPV-related homicide victims were married, 33 (32.4%) were never married, 22 (21.6%) were divorced/separated, and two (2.0%) were widowed.

- Of all homicides, the proportion that were IPV-related was higher among married victims (37.8%) than never married victims (11.8%), and roughly the same for individuals who were separated or divorced (34.9%).

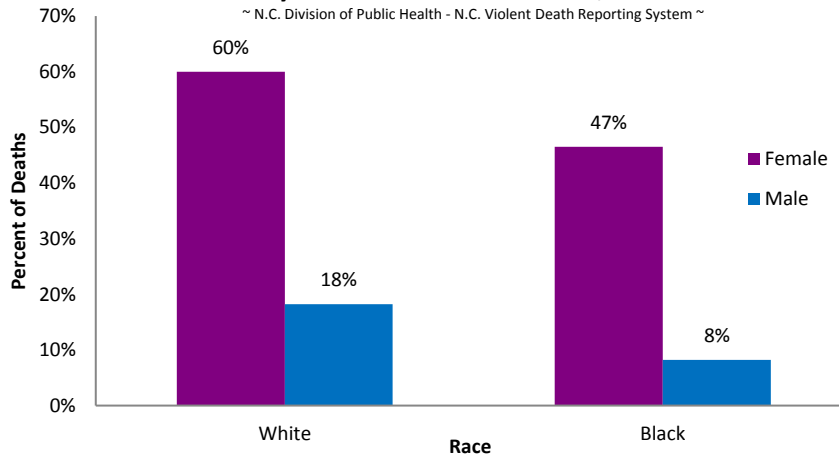
Number of IPV-Related Homicides by Age and Sex: NC-VDRS, 2013

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Percent of IPV-Related Homicides by Race* and Sex: NC-VDRS, 2013

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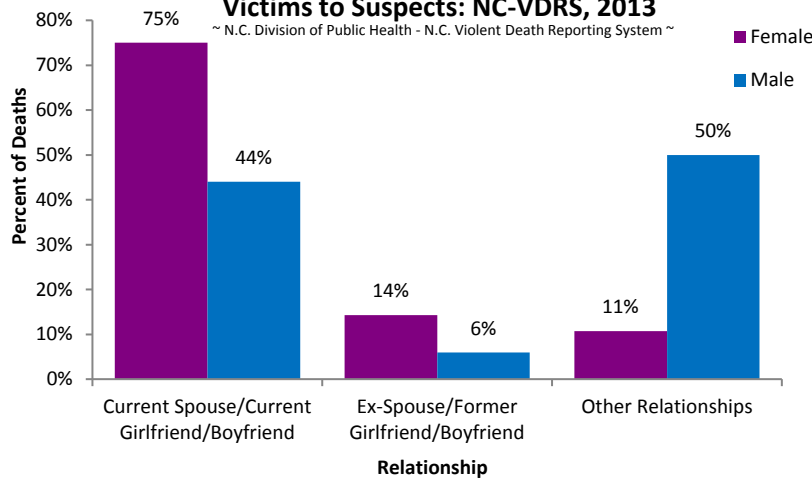
*A total of 2 male & 3 female "other" race were excluded from the above calculations

- The percentage of homicides among white females that were IPV-related (n=33) was higher than the percentage of homicides among black females that were IPV-related (n=20).

- The percentage of homicides among white males that were IPV-related (n=25) was higher than the percentage of homicides among black males that were IPV-related (n=19).

Relationship of IPV-Related Homicide Victims to Suspects: NC-VDRS, 2013

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*Multiple suspects per victim possible

- Female IPV-related homicide victims were most likely to have been killed by a current spouse or partner (75.0%, n=42), in contrast to an ex-spouse or former partner (14.3%, n=8).

- Half of male IPV-related homicide victims (n=25) were killed by someone other than a current or former spouse or partner, with nearly half of male victims were killed by a current spouse or partner (44.0%, n=22).

More information about intimate partner violence can be found at:

State Resources:

Council for Women/Domestic Violence Commission

Contact: (877) 502-9898

www.nccfwdvc.com

North Carolina Coalition Against Domestic Violence

Contact: (888) 232-9124

www.nccadv.org

Federal Resources:

The National Domestic Violence Hotline

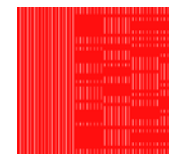
Contact: (800) 799-7233

www.ndvh.org

The National Alliance to End Sexual Violence

Contact: (202) 289-3900

www.naesv.org



North Carolina Violent Death
NC VDRS
Reporting System

The North Carolina Violent Death Reporting System is supported by Cooperative Agreement 5U17/CE002613-02 from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

N.C. Division of Public Health / www.publichealth.nc.gov / Injury Epidemiology & Surveillance Unit/ 919-707-5425 / www.injuryfreenc.ncdhhs.gov

N.C. Violent Death Reporting System / 919-707-5432

State of North Carolina / Department of Health and Human Services / www.ncdhhs.gov

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Please see the NC-VDRS 2013 Annual Report for additional data and technical information.

